CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notice dated 4th June 1913.

A sum of rupees six, annas four and pies six, being the amount of travelling allowance due to Nazaralli, acting peon, for the months of February, March and April 1912, lies unclaimed in this office. If the amount is not claimed by him or his legal heirs within three months from this date, the sum will be credited to Government.

M. A. HAKIM,
District Excise Officer.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL FUNDS.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice No. 2636, *dated the* 16*th June* 1913.

The Municipal Council, Bangalore City, having, at its meeting held on the 31st May 1913, approved the undermentioned draft rules framed under Bye-law No. 18 of the Octroi Bye-laws sanctioned by Government in their Proceedings No. 4102-3—Ml. 555-07-4, dated the 28th November 1911, is hereby published for general information.

Objections or suggestions in respect thereof received in writing within one month from the date of publication of this notice will be considered by the Council.

Draft Rules under Bye-law No. 18 *of the Octroi Bye-laws relating to the storing of dutiable articles in the Octroi Bonded Depot by wholesale dealers.*

1. In these rules the expression "Tobacco" shall include unmanufactured as well as manufactured tobacco and the expression "trade packing" shall include packages, cases, boxes, mats, ropes and all articles whatsoever used in packing tobacco.

2. Subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, and with the permission of the Senior Vice-President, a room or rooms in the Bonded Warehouse may be allotted, free of rent, to any wholesale dealer in tobacco.

3. Every wholesale dealer to whom a room has been allotted shall maintain a lock on the door, the key of which shall be in his possession, in addition to the lock placed thereon by the Octroi Officer.

4. Every wholesale dealer shall put up a sign-board over the room allotted to him with his name legibly painted thereon in English and Kanarese.

5. Every wholesale dealer depositing tobacco in the warehouse shall, at the time of deposit, weigh and keep it separate from every other consignment of tobacco previously deposited by him, if any, and shall account for every consignment separately.

6. All tobacco shall be warehoused in the trade packing in which it was received at the warehouse, provided—

(1) that the President or any officer of the Municipality of or above the grade of the Octroi Inspector may at any time direct that any packages containing tobacco lodged in the warehouse shall be opened, weighed or otherwise examined and after such examination cause it to be sealed or marked in such manner as such President or officer may deem fit.

(2) that any wholesale dealer may sort, separate pack and repack his tobacco as shall be necessary for the preservation, sale or disposal thereof, or may take such part of it for sample or for local consumption as may be allowed by the Octroi Inspector on payment of the duty, provided the package in each case is repacked in its original packing or in such other way as may be specially approved by the Octroi Inspector.

7. Wholesale dealers shall not be permitted to deposit, or remove for local consumption, less than one maund (24 lbs) of tobacco in a single transaction, and any wholesale dealer whose removals for local consumption in any one month fall below 10 maunds may at the discretion of the Vice-President be required to vacate the room or rooms allotted to him, or in the alternative to pay a godown rent of Rs. 4 per room for the month during which such removals fall short of the minimum prescribed.

8. The weight of the trade packing will be excluded while recording the weight of the tobacco deposited. While issuing from the warehouse unmanufactured tobacco due allowance will be made on account of dryage. No dryage shall be allowed on manufactured tobacco.

9. Where any wholesale dealer makes no removals continuously for six months from the warehouse, his tobacco shall be removed by the Octroi Inspector from the room or rooms allotted by breaking open, if necessary, the lock put on by the wholesale dealer, and shall be dealt with as provided for by Bye-law 20.

10. At each removal of tobacco from the warehouse all godown rents due shall be recovered along with the duty payable. Refusal to pay the same will render the tobacco liable to be dealt with under Bye-law 20.

11. When any tobacco deposited as aforesaid is eventually exported, it shall be removed only after payment of storage fees calculated as under Bye-law 17 from the date of deposit or from the date of the last removal of the tobacco from the warehouse.

B. S. RANOJI RAO,
For *Honorary President.*

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 29th May 1913.

Under Section 48, Sub-Section (*E*) of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, it is hereby announced that it is intended to bring in force the Bye-laws (mentioned below) for regulating the working of Dairies and Cattle Sheds within the limits of the Mysore City Municipality, and that all persons who entertain any objections to the same should submit it, with the reasons therefor, in writing to the President of the City Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

V. L. MANKER,
For *President.*

BYE-LAWS RELATING TO DAIRIES AND CATTLE SHEDS.

(*Section* 48 *E*.)

(1) No person shall carry on trade as dairyman unless licensed by the President.

The term "Dairyman" for the purpose of this Bye-law includes every person who carries on trade in milk or butter or who keeps milch cattle for the purpose of selling milk.

(2) Any person wishing to use any premises for the said purposes shall apply to the President for a license. The President may at his discretion grant or refuse such license.

(3) Application must be made to the President before the end of the first month of each official year, *viz.*, June, for the renewal of all licenses granted under this Bye-law.

(4) A fee of Rs. 2 per annum shall be charged for each license under this Bye-law.

(5) No licensed dairyman shall sell or keep milk in any dwelling house or room or place used for sleeping or cooking.

(6) Every licensed dairyman shall cause every part of the internal surface of the walls, roof and flooring of every room or place in which milk or butter is kept or sold by him and all shelves or benches on which milk vessels are kept, to be kept constantly clean, and all vessels used for the purpose of his trade to be washed and thoroughly cleaned before and after use.

(7) No licensed dairyman shall permit any person suffering from any loathsome, contagious, or infectious disease to be employed in any way in the preparation, storage, or distribution of milk or butter or the tending of milch cattle, or to enter any place used for such purposes; and no person so employed shall knowingly come into contact or communication with any person suffering from any such disease.

(8) No licensed dairyman shall use or permit to be used for the washing or cleaning of milk vessels or for any other purpose by which it may be brought into contact with milk or butter, any water other than that drawn from a public main or from a well, previously approved in writing by the President.

(9) Every licensed dairyman who keeps milch cattle shall, in case of any outbreak of sickness amongst such cattle give immediate notice thereof to the Health Officer or Sanitary Inspector and shall also at once remove any sick animal from contact with other animals which are not sick, and keep it apart in such place, as may be approved by such officer pending the orders of the President, or in case there should be no suitable place on the premises where sick animals can be conveniently segregated, he shall, pending such orders as aforesaid, remove any such sick animal to some other place approved of by such officer. He shall immediately on receipt of the President's order in regard to the segregation or disposal of such animal comply with and carry out such orders.